## Naphill and Walters Ash Reading Progression



	EYFS				
	Three and Four year olds	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3 and 4	Year 5 and 6
	Reception	Teal 1	real 2	Teal 3 and 4	Teal 5 and 6
	Early Learning Goals				
	Understand the five key concepts about print:	apply phonic knowledge to decode words	secure phonic decoding until reading is fluent	• apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes	<ul> <li>apply their growing knowledge of root words, prefixes</li> </ul>
	- print has meaning	• speedily read all 40+ letters/groups for 40+ phonemes		and suffixes, both to read aloud and to understand the	
	naint and have different numbers	<ul> <li>read accurately by blending taught GPC</li> </ul>	soundsfor graphemes	meaning of new words they meet	read aloud and to understand the meaning of new
Deceding			,	• read further exception words, noting the unusual	words thatthey meet
Decoding	to bottom		• read common suffixes	correspondences between spelling and sound, and	
		,	• read exception words, noting unusual	wherethese occur in the word	
	- the names of different parts of a book	<ul> <li>read contractions and understanding use of apostrophe</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>correspondances</li> <li>read most words quickly &amp; accurately without overt</li> </ul>		
	- page sequencing	read aloud phonically-decodable texts	sounding and blending		
	Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can:	Tread aloud phometally decodable texts	Southern grand steriorning		
	- spot and suggest rhymes				
	- count or clap syllables in words				
	- recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money				
	and mother				
	- Dood individual latters by any facilities of Control				
	Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them.				
	Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words				
	made up of letter-sound correspondences.				
	Read some letter groups that each represent one sound and				
	say sounds for them.				
	Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with				
	known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a				
	few exception words.				
	<ul> <li>Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound- blending.</li> </ul>				
	Read aloud simple sentences and books that are				
	consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some				
	common exception words.				
					continuing to read and discuss an increasingly wide
Range of	books, and be able to tell a long story	stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which	wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories		range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and
Reading	<ul><li>Engage in story times</li></ul>	they can read independently	and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they	textbooks	referencebooks or textbooks
reading	Learn my mes, poems and songs	being encouraged to link what they read or hear read     tatheir own experiences.	canread independently		• reading books that are structured in different ways
	<ul><li>Engage in non-fiction books.</li></ul>	totheir own experiences		and reading for a range of purposes	<ul><li>and reading for a range of purposes</li><li>making comparisons within and across books</li></ul>
	• Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and				manning companies in this in and concess cons
	understanding.				
	Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to				
	develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and				
	vocabulary				
	Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from				
	stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems where				
	appropriate				
		• hecoming very familiar with key stories fairy stories	becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a	<ul> <li>increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books,</li> </ul>	• increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books
	<ul> <li>Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens.</li> </ul>	andtraditional tales, retelling them and considering		s including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling	
Familiarity with	<ul><li>Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books,</li></ul>		<ul> <li>recognising simple recurring literary language in stories</li> </ul>		modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and
•	<ul> <li>know many rnymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story.</li> </ul>	recognising and joining in with predictable phrases	and poetry	<ul> <li>identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of</li> </ul>	
texts	and se usic to tell a long story.				• identifying and discussing themes and conventions in
	<ul> <li>Compare and contrast characters from stories,</li> </ul>				and across a wide range of writing
	including figures from the past.				
	Retell the story, once they have developed a deep				
	familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and				

	some in their own words.				
	<ul> <li>Re-read books to build up their confidence in word</li> </ul>				
	reading, their fluency and their understanding and				
	enjoyment.				
	a Listan to and talk about stories to build familiarity and				
	Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and     understanding				
	understanding.				
	• Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to				
	them by retelling stories and narratives using their				
	own words and recently introduced vocabulary				
	<ul> <li>Sing a large repertoire of songs</li> </ul>	learning to appreciate rhymes and poems, and to		• preparing poems and play scripts to read aloud and to	
Poetry &	Know many rhymes	recitesome by heart	heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with		preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to
Performance	• Learn rhymes, poems and songs.		appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear	tone, volume and action	perform, showing understanding through intonation,
	<ul> <li>Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with</li> </ul>			recognising some different forms of poetry	tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an
	others.				audience
		discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to	<ul> <li>discussing and clarifying the meanings of words,</li> </ul>	• using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that	
	• Engago in extended conversations about stories	those already known	linking new meanings to known vocabulary	they have read	
Word meanings	learning new vocabulary		discussing their favourite words and phrases		
	• Learn new vocabulary				
	<ul> <li>Use new vocabulary throughout the day</li> </ul>				
	Use new vocabulary in different contexts				
	• Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to				
	develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and				
	vocabulary				
	• Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember	• drawing on what they already know or on background	• discussing the sequence of events in books and how	• checking that the text makes sense to them, discussing	<ul> <li>checking that the book makes sense to them,</li> </ul>
	much of what happens	information and vocabulary provided by the teacher	items of information are related	their understanding and explaining the meaning of	discussing their understanding and exploring the
	<ul> <li>Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and</li> </ul>	• checking that the text makes sense to them as they	• drawing on what they already know or on background	wordsin context	meaning of words in context
Understanding	understanding	read and correcting inaccurate reading	information and vocabulary provided by the teacher	• asking questions to improve their understanding of a	<ul> <li>asking questions to improve their understanding</li> </ul>
	Retell the story, once they have developed a deep		<ul> <li>checking that the text makes sense to them as they</li> </ul>	text	• summarising the main ideas drawn from more than
	familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and		read and correcting inaccurate reading	• identifying main ideas drawn from more than one	one paragraph, identifying key details to support the
	some in their own words			paragraph and summarising these	main ideas
	• Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with				
	relevant questions, comments and actions when being				
	read to and during whole class discussions and small				
	group interactions.				
	Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to				
	them by retelling stories and narratives using their own				
	words and recently introduced vocabulary.				
	Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary				
	during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes,				
	poems and during role-play				
	oriacistana minj questions, mer minj as jou amm me	• discussing the significance of the title and events	• making inferences on the basis of what is being said		<ul> <li>drawing inferences such as inferring characters'</li> </ul>
Inference		• making inferences on the basis of what is being said	anddone	feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and	feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and
	<ul> <li>Ask questions to find out more and to check they</li> </ul>	anddone	<ul> <li>answering and asking questions</li> </ul>	justifying inferences with evidence	justifying inferences with evidence
	understand what has been said to them				
	Offer explanations for why things might happen,				
	making use of recently introduced vocabulary from				
	stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when				
	appropriate.				
Prediction	• Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories.		predicting what might happen on the basis of what	• predicting what might happen from details stated and	
		hasbeen read so far	hasbeen read so far	implied	implied
					• identifying how language, structure and presentation
Authorial				reader's interest and imagination	contribute to meaning
Intent				• identifying how language, structure, and presentation	
				contribute to meaning	including figurative language, considering the impact
					onthe reader
		Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to	being introduced to non-fiction books that are		• distinguish between statements of fact and opinion
Non-fiction	develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and	develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and	structured in different ways		• retrieve, record and present information from non-
	vocabulary.	vocabulary.			fiction
	Offer explanations for why things might happen,				
	making use of recently introduced vocabulary from				
	stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when				

	appropriate.			
Discussing reading	learning new vocabulary	<ul> <li>participate in discussion about books, poems &amp; other works that are read to them &amp; those that they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves</li> </ul>	readto them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say	<ul> <li>recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices</li> <li>participate in discussions about books, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously</li> <li>explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates,</li> <li>provide reasoned justifications for their views</li> </ul>